

SONOTOUCH 60



Ergonomic Design

I need a portable, light-weight ultrasound which is easy to go, easy to diagnose, easy to operate with sufficient measurement packages.

- Independent angle 15" LED (0° - 30° tilted)
- Lightweight (7.5Kg / 16.5lbs)
- Dual transducer ports (Built-in)
- Probe holders
- Removable battery , 120 minutes in active mode

- Theft-proof lock
- Dedicated adapter Space
- Printer socket
- Accessory box
- Trolley height adjustable (Three levels available)

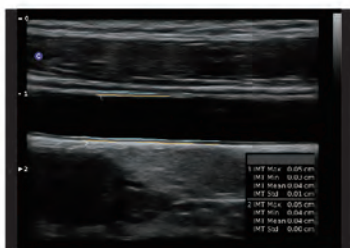


For Vascular&MSK



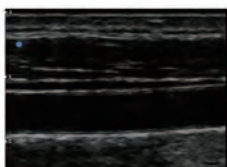
Auto IMT

Automatically traces the intima, and measures the thickness of the intima. This allows you to measure the intima faster, more easily and more accurately.

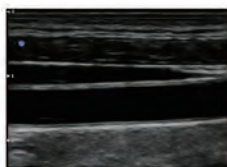


Q-image

These innovative algorithms have strengthened the image enhancement results significantly. Advanced chipset is used to ensure fast frame rate.



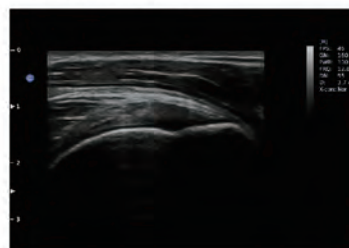
OFF



ON

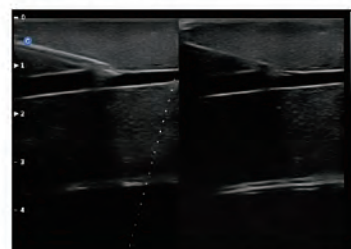
Up to 18MHz High Frequency Linear Probe

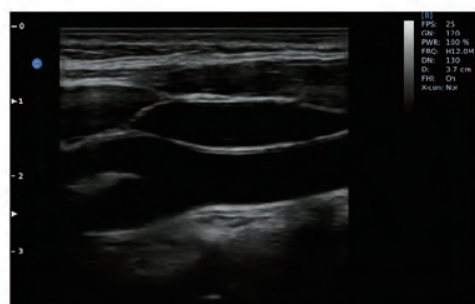
Our high frequency linear probe provides unparalleled detail resolution and superior contrast resolution with up to 18 MHz imaging frequency.



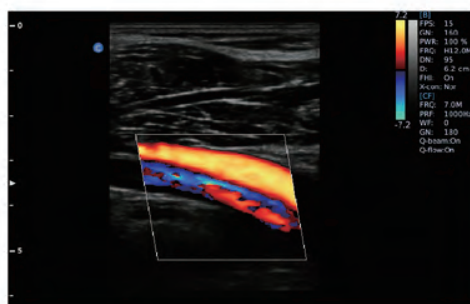
Super Needle

With Super Needle, clinicians can see needle inside tissue more clearly during medical procedures. Needle angle up to $\pm 30^\circ$

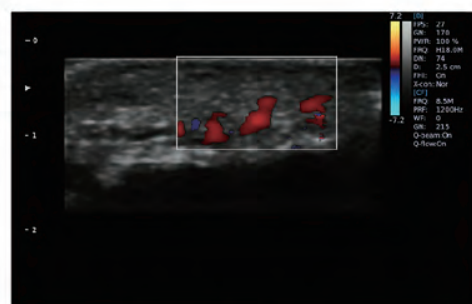




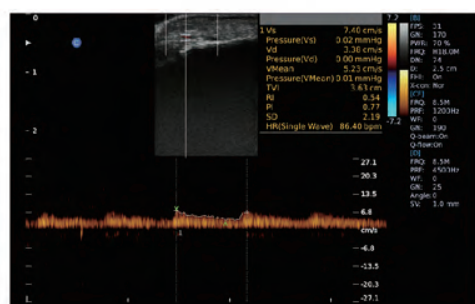
CCA, ICA, ECA, B Mode



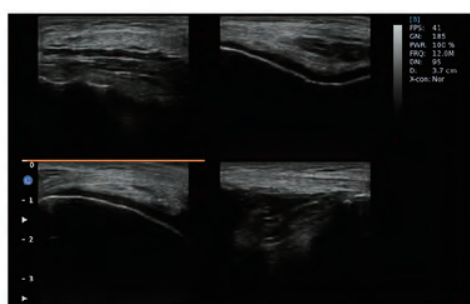
Popliteal Artery and Vein



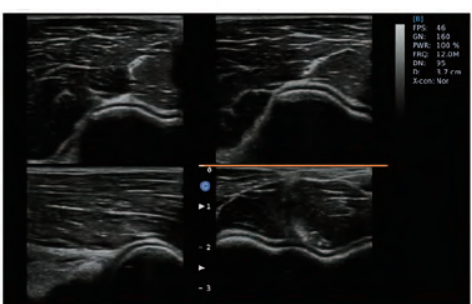
Fingertips Vessle, C Mode



Fingertips Vessle, PW Mode



Knee , 4B Mode

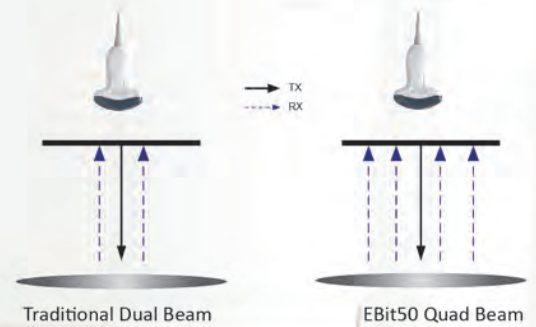


Elbow Joint, 4B Mode

General Imaging

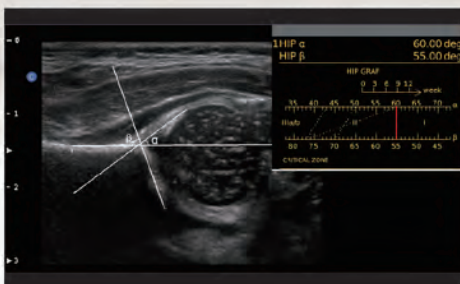
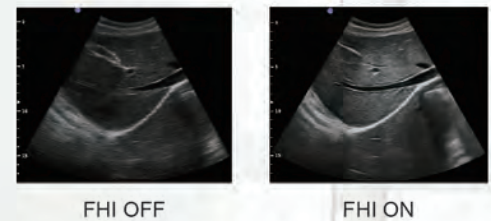
Q-beam

- Compared to the traditional dual-beam former on most ultrasound machines, the EBit50 uses quad-beam technology for ultrasound signal receiving.
- Doubles the volume of signals received from traditional methods, increasing image resolution and generating more accurate images.
- Produces higher frame rates, ensuring better diagnostic confidence and efficiency, especially for moving organs.



FHI

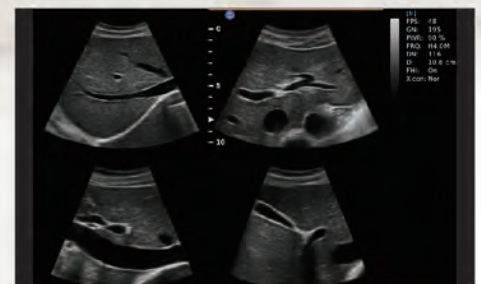
- FHI is an innovative harmonic imaging technology that uses multiple transmission and receiving methods based on the patients' size and weight. This allows the EBit to maintain image resolution when imaging larger patients.
- Traditional Tissue Harmonics and Phased Harmonics compromise image quality and resolution when penetration is increased.
- Chison's FHI technology greatly improves diagnostic abilities and clinical confidence in larger, difficult-to-image patients.



HIP Graf



Gallbladder stone, B Mode



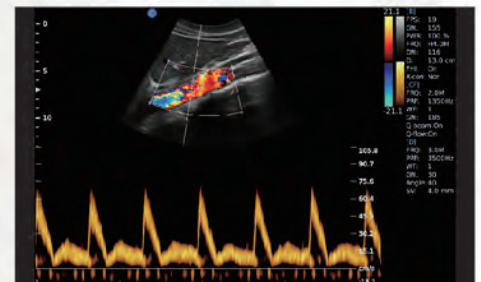
Abdomen, 4B Mode



Pancreas, B/BC Mode



Umbilical cord, C Mode



Aorta Artery, PW Mode

Specifications

- B, 2B, 4B, B / M
- CFM
- PW
- PD, DPD(Direction Power Doppler)
- Duplex, Triplex
- Trapezoidal
- Chroma B / M / PW
- Super Needle (option)
- 2D steer
- Auto IMT
- HIP Graf
- DICOM (option)

Image Processing Technologies

- FHI
- Q-beam
- Q-flow
- Q-image
- X-contrast
- SRA
- Compound Image

Comprehensive Applications

- OB/GYN
- Urology
- Pediatric
- Radiology
- Internal Medicine
- Small Parts
- General Imaging
- Vascular
- Intensive Care
- Emergency
- MSK

Accessories

- Footswitch
- Trolley
- Suitcase
- Video Printer
- PC Printer



2.0 - 6.8 MHz
Convex C3-E



4.0 - 15.0 MHz
Linear L7-E



7.0 - 18.0 MHz(With FHI)
Linear L12-E



4.0 - 15.0 MHz
Linear L7W-E



4.0 - 12.0 MHz
Transvaginal V6-E



4.0 - 15.0 MHz
Transvaginal V7-E



4.0 - 15.0 MHz
Trans-Rectal L7R-E



2.0 - 6.8 MHz
Micro-Convex MC3-E



4.0 - 12.0 MHz
Micro-Convex MC6-E



4.0 - 10.7 MHz
Micro-Convex MC5-E